

# Supplying the data for data-driven metallurgical industry

Digital Twins and AI, interoperability, and standards



THTH  
Association

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Alchimia Project



# Table of Contents

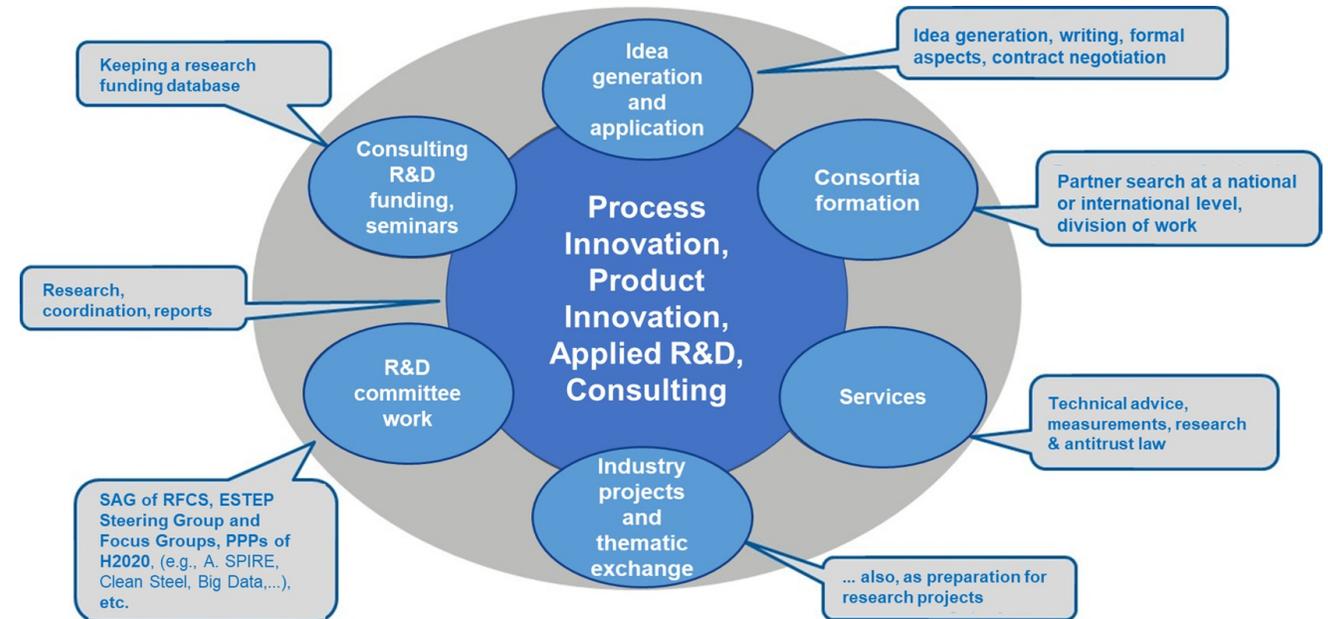


- ALCHIMIA project & BFI introduction
- Modelling and Digital Twins
  - AI vs. non-AI
  - Federated Learning
- Interoperability
- Standards
- Conclusions



# BFI (VDEh-Betriebsforschungsinstitut)

- Non-profit research center
- Applied research in process industry, especially steel production
- Located in Düsseldorf, Germany
- Employees: ~100
- <https://www.bfi.de/>



# ALCHIMIA project



- “Data and decentralized Artificial intelligence for a competitive and green European metallurgy industry”
- Duration: 9/2022-11/2025 (39M)
- Horizon Europe grant 101070046
- <https://alchimia-project.eu/>



# ALCHIMIA project themes (at least)



- (Steel/cast iron production) process optimization with decision support



- Human factors
  - Human-centric Design (HCD)



- Tools:
  - AI models
  - »Non-AI» models
  - Federated Learning, Continual Learning



- Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)



- Standardization

# ALCHIMIA use cases



Focus of this presentation

## Celsa



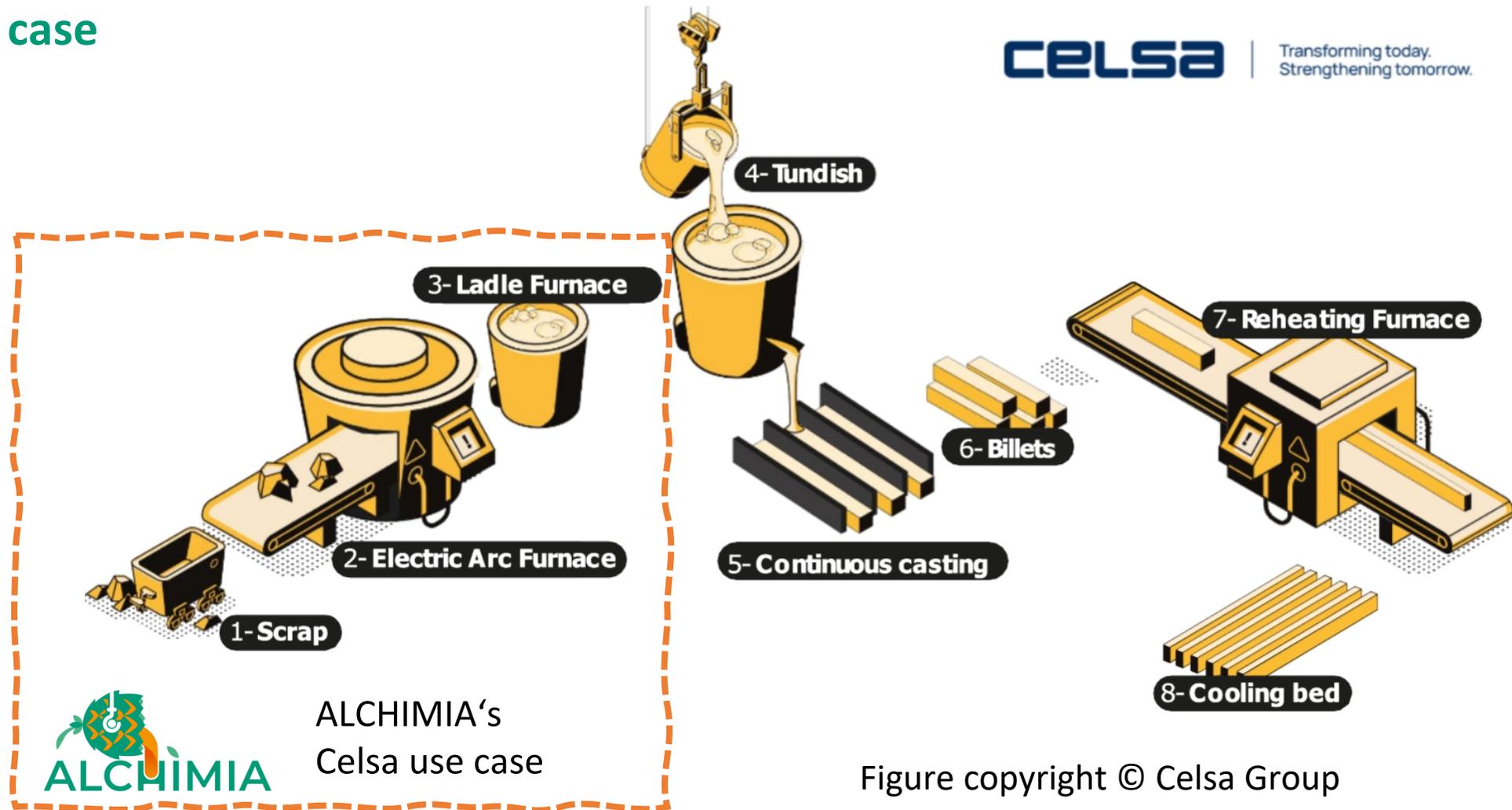
## Fonderia di Torbole



- Environmental concerns
- Efficiency
- Economic(al) feasibility
- Human-centric design (HCD)
  
- Solution: data-driven tools

# Celsa use case

**CELsa** | Transforming today.  
Strengthening tomorrow.



# Modeling technologies: AI vs. non-AI



## AI technologies applied:

- Multi-linear regression
  - Scrap characterization **Bfi**
- Neural networks
  - Ladle Furnace 
  - Scrap processing 
  - Scrap inventory 
- Federated Learning 
- Continual Learning 



## Other technologies applied:

- Linear optimization
  - Scrap mix optimization **Bfi**
- Physical/analytical modeling
  - Electric Arc Furnace **Bfi**

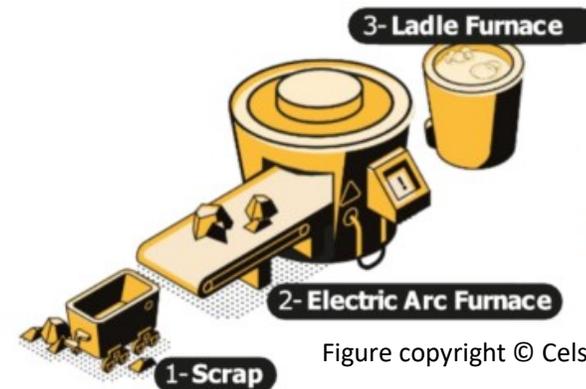


Figure copyright © Celsa Group

# Federated Learning and Continual Learning

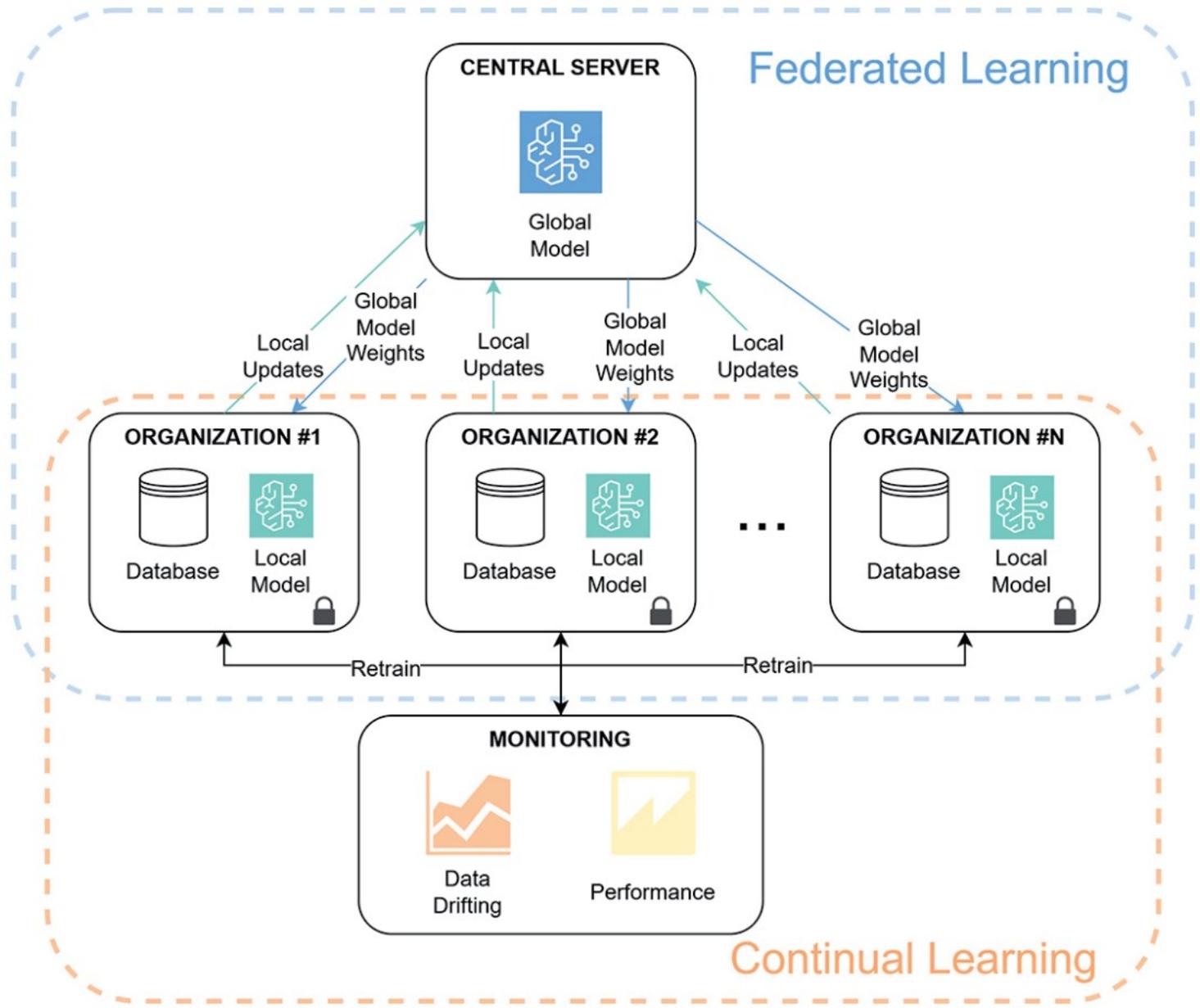


Image from:  
[doi:10.5281/zenodo.14741719](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.14741719)

# Digital Twin example: Electric Arc Furnace



- Operator receives online recommendations based on:
  - Simulated process state
  - Adjustable setpoints
- Recommendations:
  - Timing of:
    - Basket charging
    - End of burner operation
  - Remaining amount of:
    - Electrical energy
    - Oxygen



# Federated Learning (FL) in practice

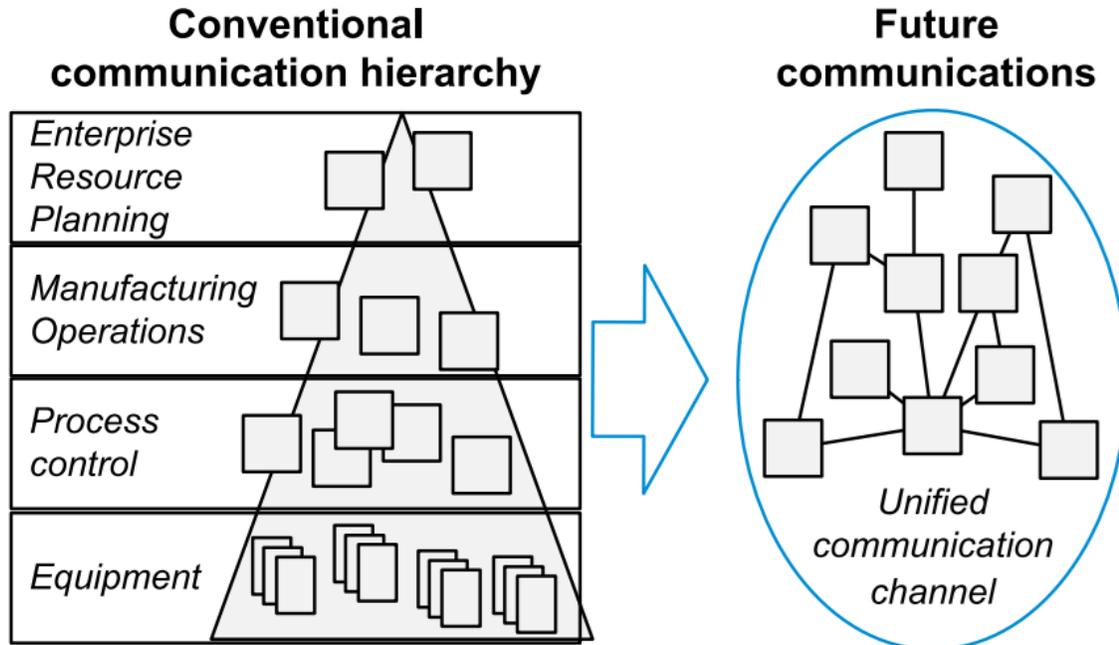


- Applications in ALCHIMIA:
  - Ladle Furnace model; neural network
  - Electric Arc Furnace model; parametrization of dynamic/analytical model
    - Non-conventional FL application
- Datasets should be balanced and of good quality
- FL results below from Ladle Furnace:
  - Plant 1 and 3: clear improvement
  - Plant 2: no advantage due to coverage/quality in others

R2 score: regression performance  
MSE: Mean Squared Error

Model	Features	Plant 1		Plant 2		Plant 3	
		R2 Score	MSE	R2 Score	MSE	R2 Score	MSE
Local	FinalTemperature	0,278	137,33	0,580	36,65	0,158	59,10
Federated	FinalTemperature	0,446	98,88	0,579	45,56	0,299	32,77

# Towards networked systems and microservices



- No interoperability
- Laborious scaling
- Strict physical hierarchy
- Limited Internet connectivity

- Interoperability
- Straightforw. scaling
- Flexible integration
- Internet connectivity for all data

- Data integration happens increasingly with microservices
- ALCHIMIA is an example of this trend

Picture: Kannisto et al.; <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jii.2021.100253>

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# Interoperability: the most difficult aspects



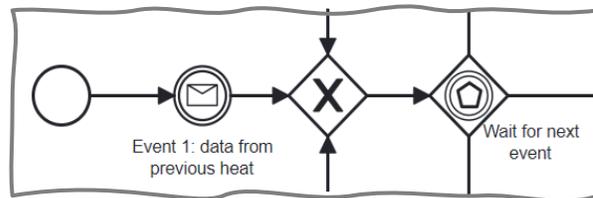
- Legal interoperability

- What can we do with the data?
- Related: International Data Spaces / Gaia-X



- Functional interoperability

- Workflows and sequences
- What should happen and when?



- Semantic interoperability

- What is the structure and meaning of the data?

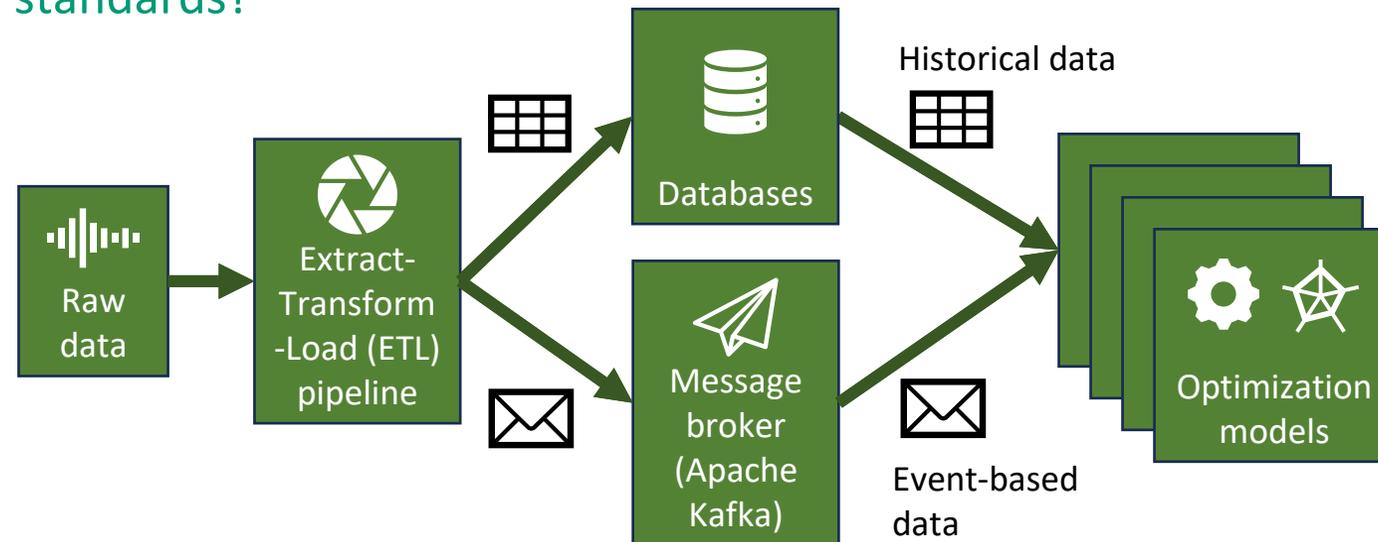
```
{  
  "id": "...",  
  "type": "...",  
  "dateObserved": "...",  
  "chemicalAnalysis": { ... }  
}
```

# ALCHIMIA data integration mechanisms



- Historical data: databases
  - E.g., heat-related measurements
  - Could use systems with JSON API
    - Use data model standards?

- Event-based data: JSON via message broker
  - E.g., „scrap basket added“



# To standard or to not standard – a research project viewpoint

Standards help us all. However...



## Opportunities



- Re-use knowledge across actors, projects, countries, ...
- Do not „re-invent the wheel“
- Include own results/needs to standards during development?

## Challenges



- Lifecycle: research project vs. standardization project
  - Deep expertise needed (vs. short-term research projects)
- Funding: research project vs. std group membership
- Cost to access standards

## Open standards



- Lighter alternative to conventional standards
  - Available to everyone
  - Often easier to contribute to
- Example: Smart Data Models (SDM)
  - Related to FIWARE
  - JSON data model; linked data too
  - Various domain represented

- ALCHIMIA contribution to SDM: subject „ProcessIndustry“ with message structures:



• MaterialAddition



• ProcessChemicalAnalysis



• ProcessEvent

```
{ "id": "urn:ngsi-ld:ProcessChemicalAnalysis:PlantHelsinki:Furnace2:32781",  
  "type": "ProcessChemicalAnalysis",  
  "dateObserved": "2025-07-17T14:07:00Z",  
  "processName": "furnace2",  
  "heatNumber": 10071,  
  "chemicalAnalysis": {  
    "sampleNumber": 2,  
    "chemicalConcentration": [  
      { "substance": "Fe", "percentage": 0.9873 },  
      { "substance": "Cu", "percentage": 0.005 }  
    ]  
  }  
}}
```

# Conclusions



- ALCHIMIA demonstrates metallurgy-related optimization with Digital Twins
  - Both AI and „non-AI“ used
- Federated Learning can improve model performance
- Data (quality) and interoperability are paramount
- Standards and open standards enable knowledge re-use; not always easy though



# THANK YOU!



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Alchimia Project



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